

<b>Title:</b>	Modelling and Control of Wind Power
<b>Organizer:</b>	Professor, Poul Ejnar Sørensen, DTU Wind Energy, <a href="mailto:posq@dtu.dk">posq@dtu.dk</a> Postdoc, Kaushik Das, DTU Wind Energy, <a href="mailto:kdas@dtu.dk">kdas@dtu.dk</a>
<b>ECTS:</b>	5
<b>Schedule:</b>	The course is not following DTU's normal schedule. 19 weeks, 1/04/2018–31/09/2018
<b>Evaluation:</b>	Written report, pass / not pass, internal examiner
<b>Examiner:</b>	Senior Researcher, Anca Daniela Hansen, <a href="mailto:anca@dtu.dk">anca@dtu.dk</a>
<b>Place:</b>	DTU Wind Energy

**Scope and form:** Introductory lecture / self-study under supervision / discussions with supervisors

**Description:** The purpose of the course is to obtain knowledge about the dynamic modelling and control of wind power.

**General course objectives:** This course will give the student a detailed understanding of how to model wind generation systems in MATLAB/Simulink. The models specified in the IEC 61400-27 standard will be used as the starting point. Special focus will be given to the type 4B (full-converter) wind turbine (WT) models, which will be adapted and extended by the student according to the research needs, i.e., electromagnetic transient (EMT) studies of such wind generation systems.

**Learning objectives:**

The learning objectives of this course are:

- Understand the wind turbine dynamic models detailed in the IEC 61400-27 standard
- Understand the purpose of wind power controls for large and small disturbances
- Implement the type 4B models in MATLAB/Simulink
- Adapt and extend such models for EMT studies (e.g., WT converter controls, PLL/synchronisation, DC link's chopper resistance)
- [Describe changes required to modify Change](#)–the WT controls from the conventional grid-following paradigm to the grid-forming paradigm
- Conduct EMT studies using the models developed in MATLAB/Simulink

**Course literature:**

- [1] P. Kundur, *Power System Stability and Control*. New York, NY, United States: McGraw-Hill, 1994.
- [2] T. Ackermann, Ed., *Wind Power in Power Systems*, 2nd ed. Chichester, United Kingdom: John Wiley & Sons, 2012.
- [3] IEC 61400-27-1, “Electrical simulation models – Wind turbines”, Geneva, Switzerland, International Standard, Feb. 2015.
- [4] K. Das, A. D. Hansen, and P. E. Sørensen, “Understanding IEC standard wind turbine models using SimPowerSystems”, *Wind Engineering*, vol. 40, no. 3, pp. 212–227, Jun. 2016.
- [5] O. Anaya-Lara, N. Jenkins, J. Ekanayake, P. Cartwright, and M. Hughes, *Wind Energy Generation: Modelling and Control*. Chichester, United Kingdom: John Wiley & Sons, 2009.
- [6] R. M. Blasco-Giménez, S. C. Añó-Villalba, J. Rodríguez-D’Derlée, S. I. Bernal-Pérez, and F. Morant-Anglada, “Diode-Based HVdc Link for the Connection of Large Offshore Wind Farms”, *IEEE Transactions on Energy Conversion*, vol. 26, no. 2, pp. 615–626, Mar. 2011.
- [7] Remus Teodorescu, Marco Liserre, Pedro Rodriguez, *Grid Converters for Photovoltaic and Wind Power Systems*, John Wiley & Sons, 2011