

Device Performance

ESR 1: Peng Yang



ESR 4: Davide Pinzan



Performance of outdoor insulation under HVDC stress

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ESR 4

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The UK Energy Transition

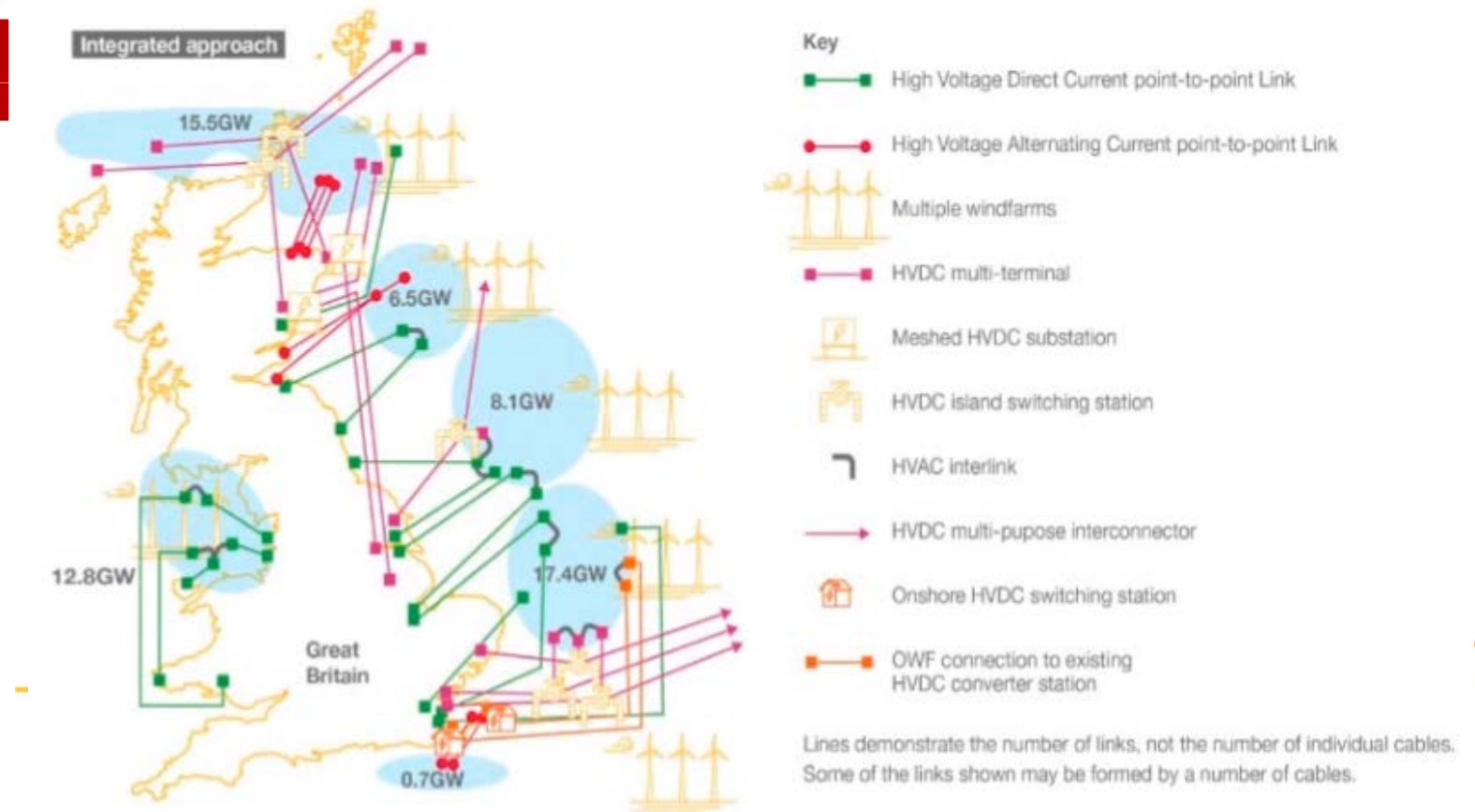
NEWS

Home Coronavirus US Election UK World Business Politics Tech Science Health Family & Education

Politics Parliaments Brexit Election 2019

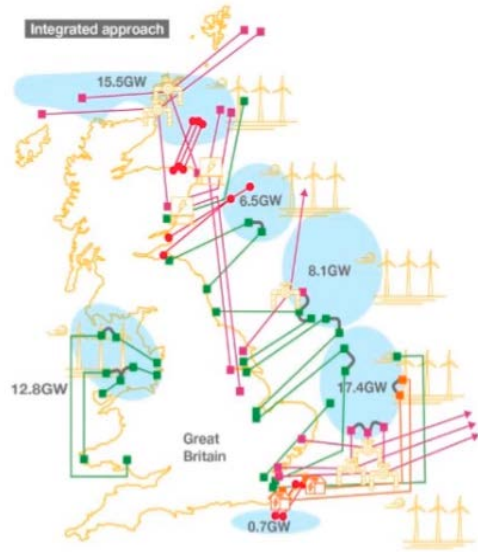
Boris Johnson: Wind farms could power every home by 2030

6 October

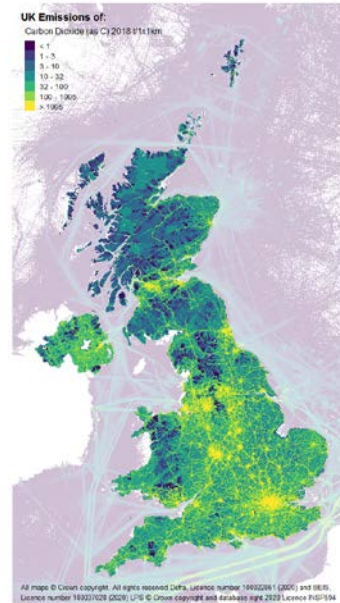


The Onshore Grid

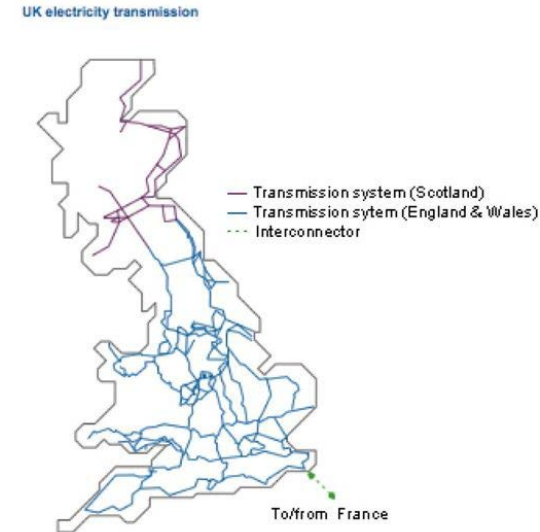
if: ...



2050 offshore wind target
83 GW

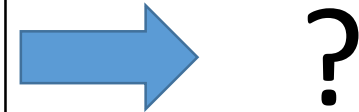


(CO2 emissions)
Electricity consumption



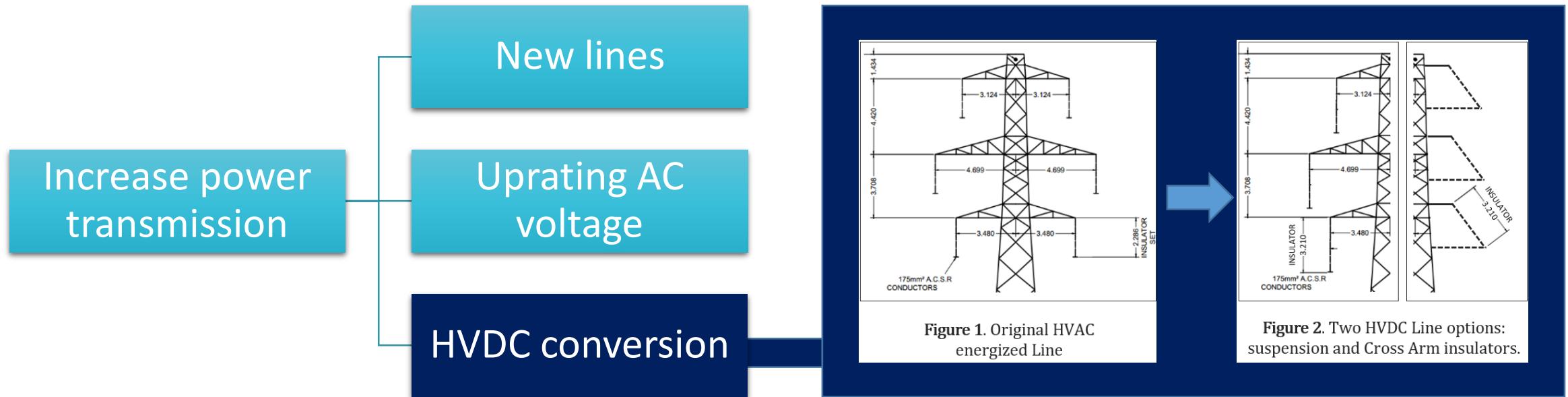
Current UK HV Grid

then: ...



2050 UK Grid

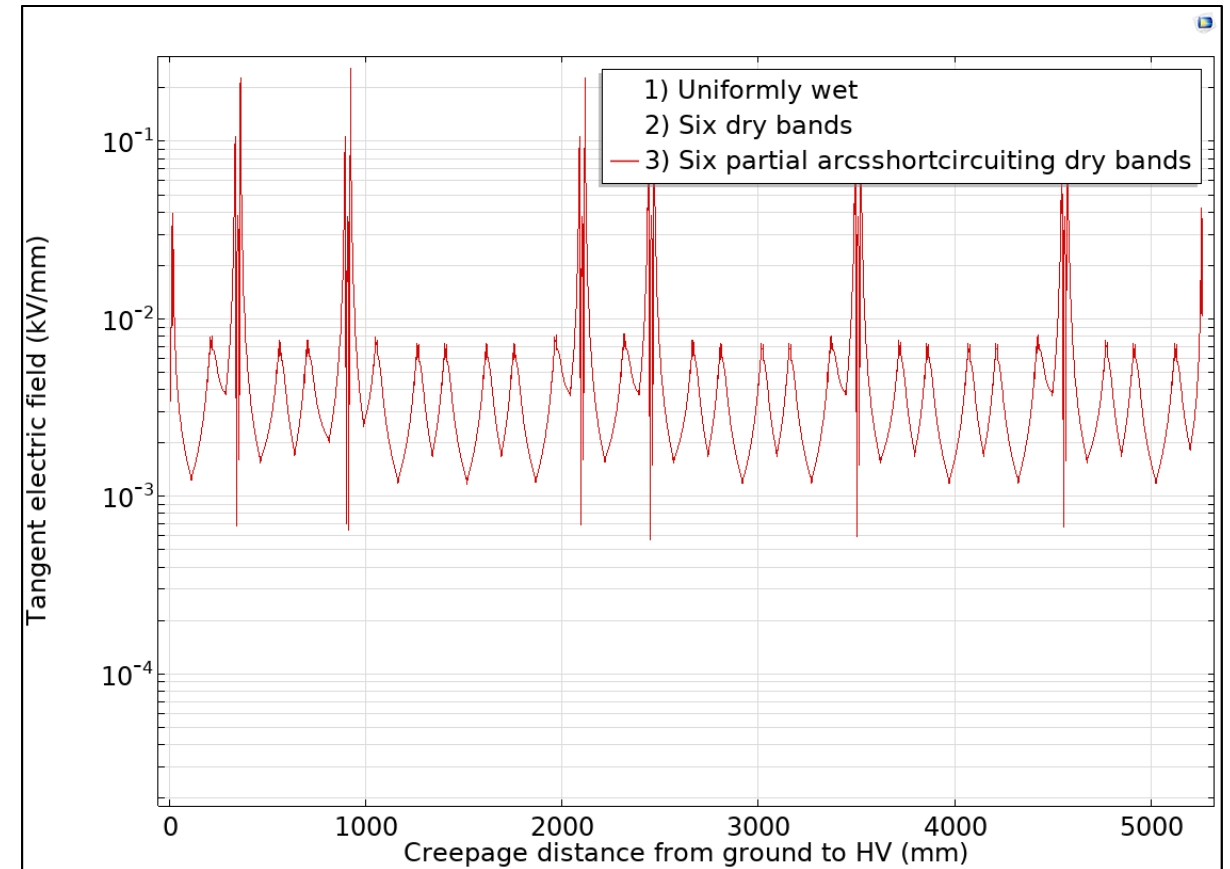
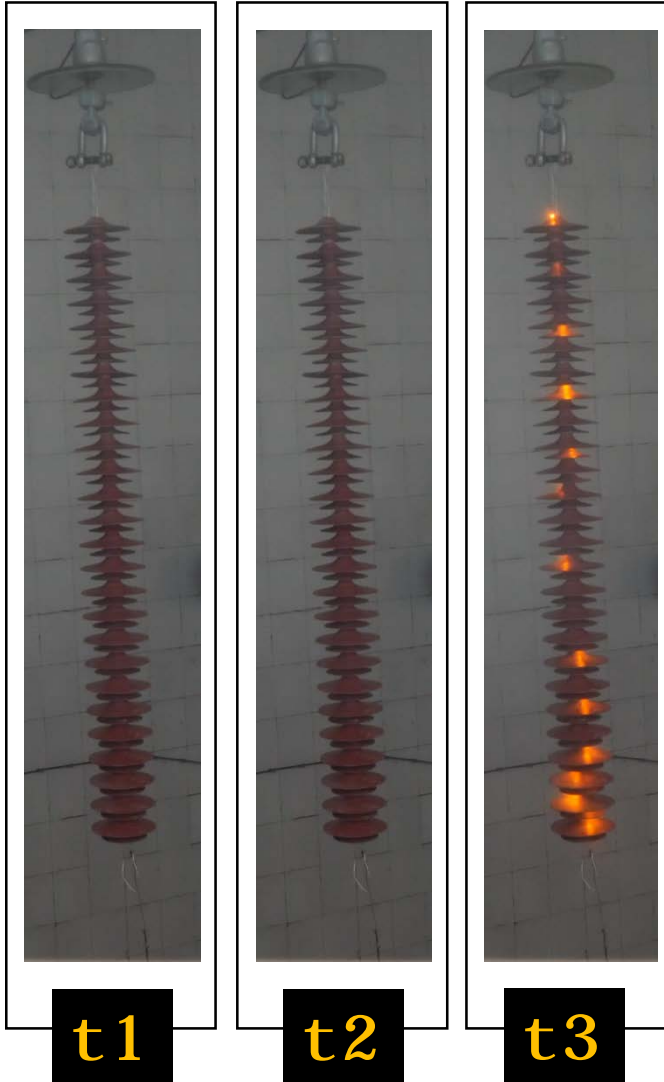
Increasing the Grid Transmission Capacity



D. Pinzan, M. E. A. Slama, O. Cwikowski, and M. A. Haddad, "Insulation Solutions for HVAC to HVDC Conversion of a High Voltage Transmission Overhead Line: the L7 Tower Case Study," Budapest, Hungary, Accessed: Oct. 27, 2019.



Testing and Modelling HVDC Insulators



What is it like to become an engineer?

- Short term (9 years now for me!)

A **lot** of painful studying

- But a long term exciting life...



Group brainstorming

Engaging
with
kids



Visiting testing sites



International meetings



Lab testing



Building relationships

Characterisation and Modelling of Compound Semiconductors in Power electronics

Peng Yang

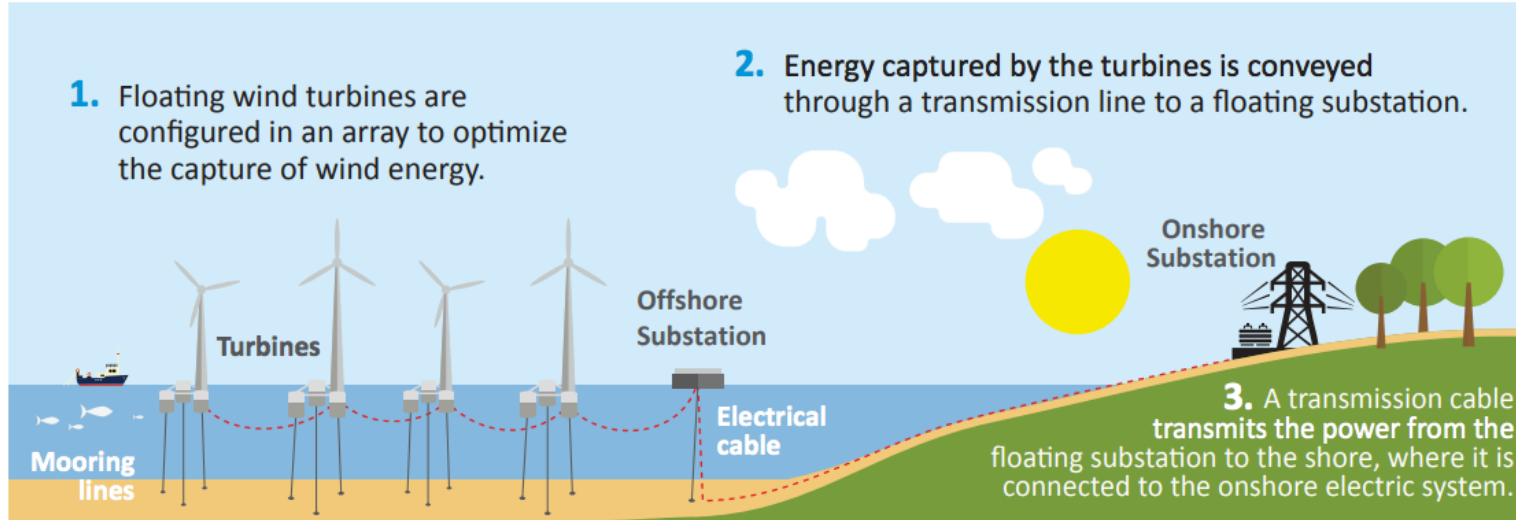
ESR 1

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Onshore and offshore substations

How Offshore Floating Wind Farms Work



Source: <https://storymaps.arcgis.com/stories/990d1b42d5a5407083b11d3ded6c44c0>



Offshore substation: 400 m^2

Source: <https://www.windpowerengineering.com/making-modern-offshore-substation/#:~:text=With%20an%20area%20of%20around,foundations%20driven%20into%20the%20seabed.>



Onshore substation: 47000 m^2

Source: <https://www.tritonknoll.co.uk/onshore-sub/>

- Onshore substation: 47000 m^2
- Offshore substation: 400 m^2
- Power electronics converter in offshore substation should be smaller but with the same power rating.
- High power density converters
 - Power density = $\frac{\text{Power}}{\text{Volume}} \text{ kW/L}$

High power density converters

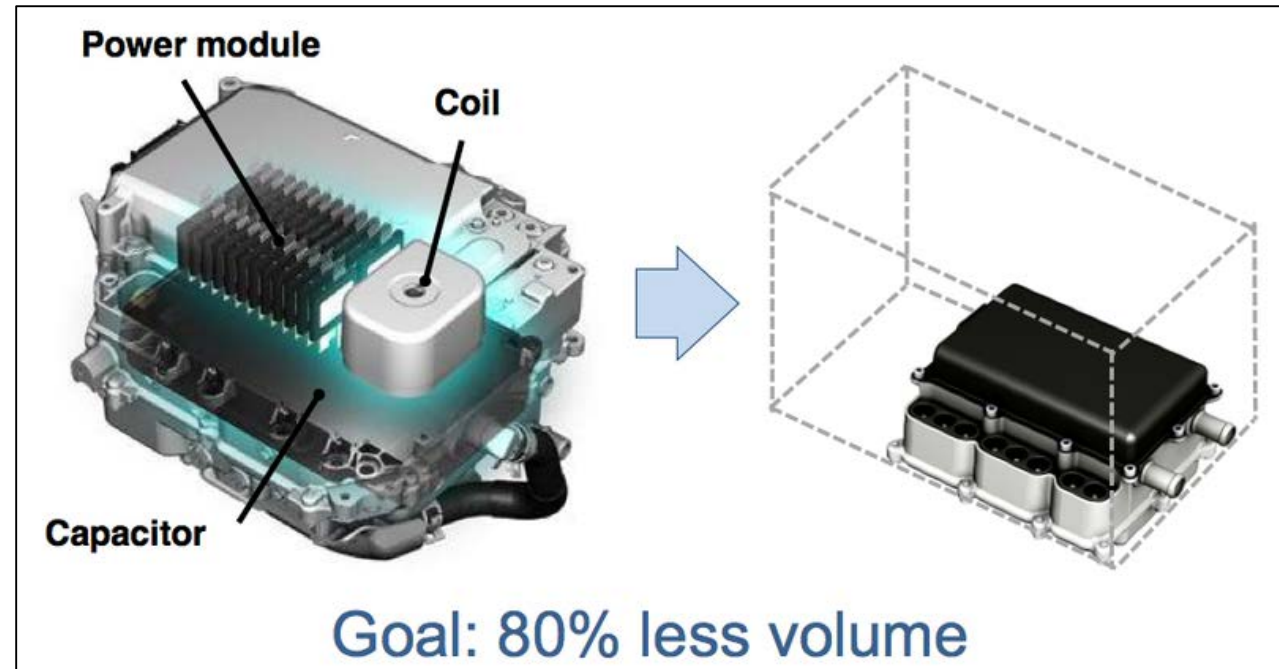
- High power density is an important consideration in power electronics.

Laptop charger



Source: <https://www.marketingwords.com/blog/landing-page-review-innovative-laptop-charger-pre-launch/>

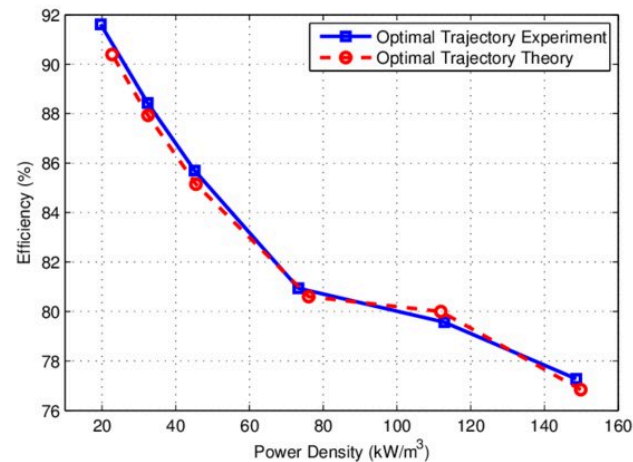
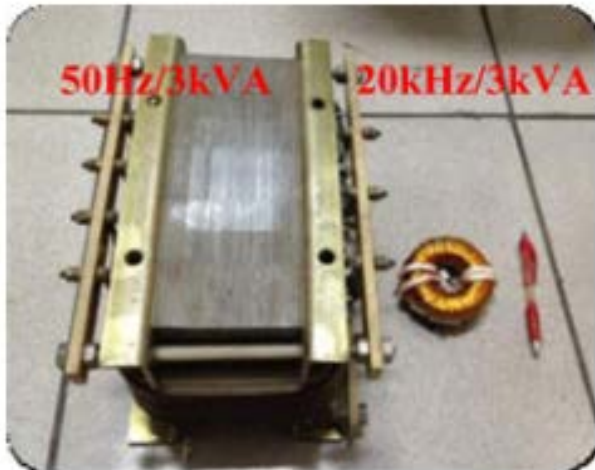
Electric vehicles



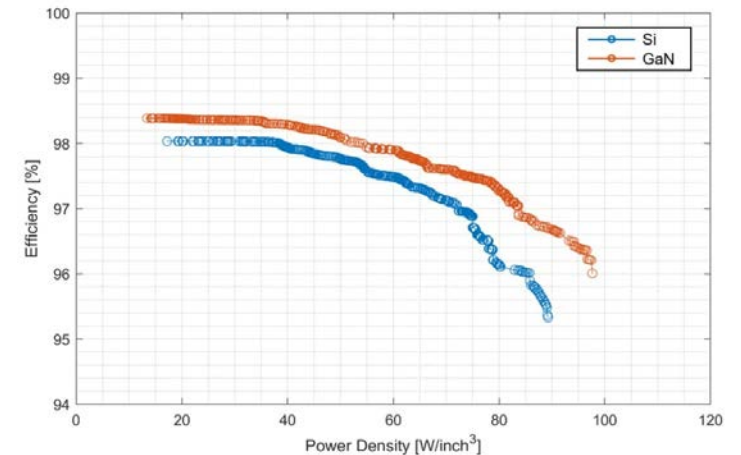
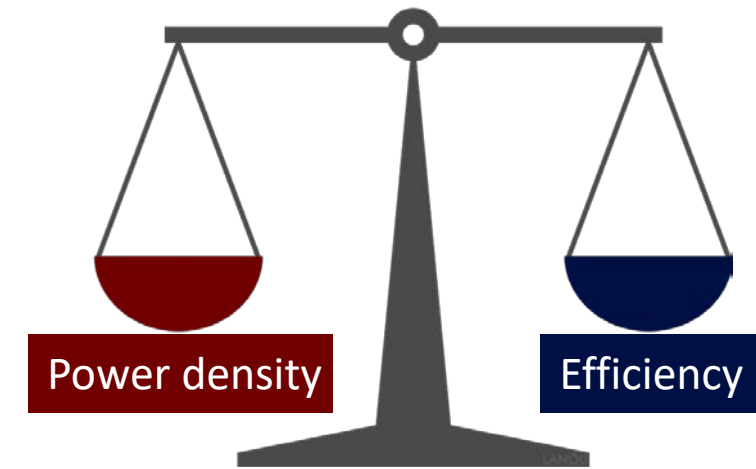
Source: <https://www.greencarcongress.com/2014/05/20140520-sic.html>

Technology to increase power density

- Reduce the components size by increasing switching frequency
- However, efficiency will reduce with increased switching frequency
- New semiconductor materials (Silicon carbide, Gallium Nitride) can achieve higher efficiency comparing to Si materials under the same switching frequency

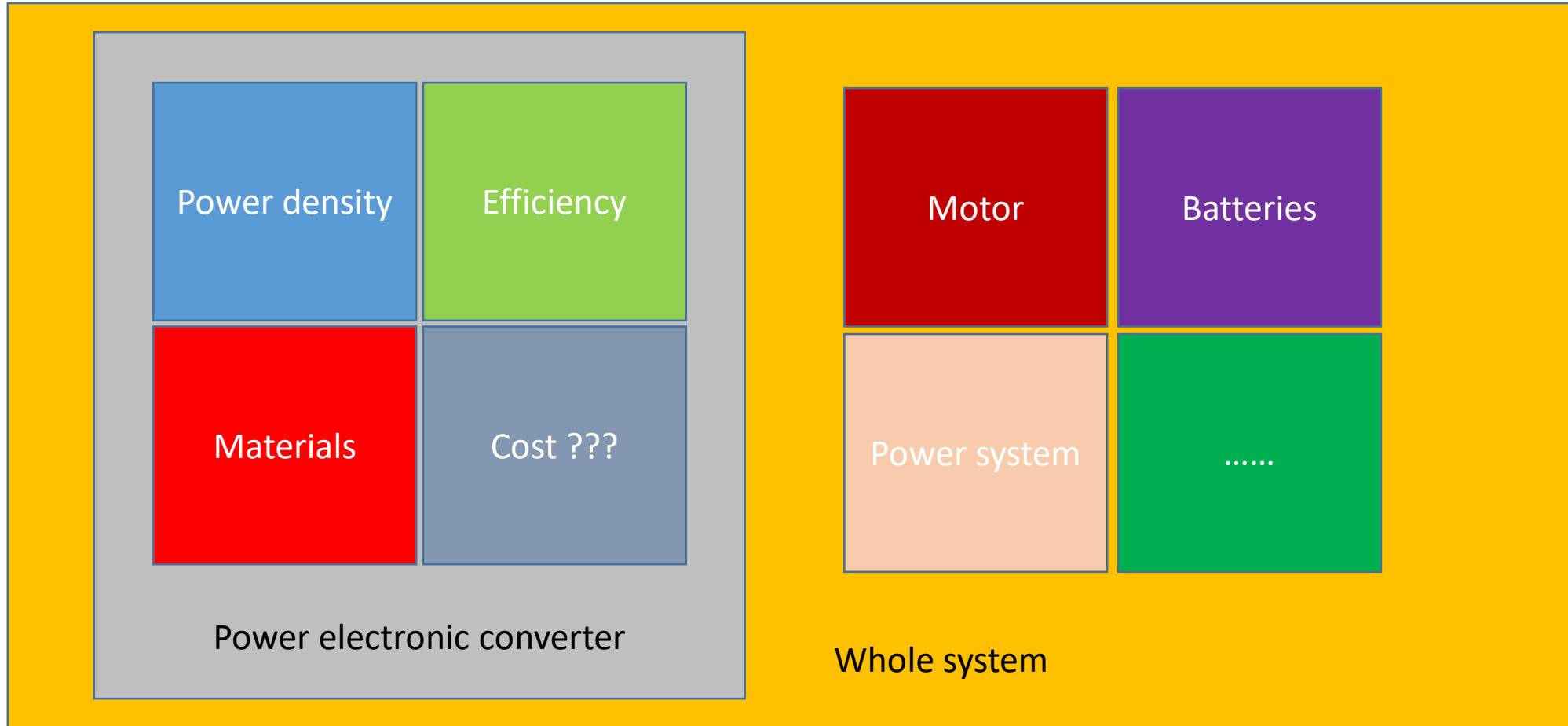


Source: Shirazi, Farzad & Saadat, Mohsen & Yan, Bo & Li, Perry & Simon, Terry. (2013). Optimal Control Experimentation of Compression Trajectories for a Liquid Piston Air Compressor. 10.1115/HT2013-17613.



Source: <https://eepower.com/news/how-pareto-analysis-helps-determine-the-real-benefits-of-gan-for-power-supplies/#>

One step further ...



Summary

- High power density is a key consideration of power electronic converters
- But it is not the only consideration.
- New semiconductor material can improve the efficiency and power density of power electronic converters.
- Although the cost of new semiconductor materials is higher, the cost of the whole system might be lower due to the advantages brought by the new materials.
- What else do you think should be considered when designing a power electronic converter?